CHAPTER 5 The Working Cell

OBJECTIVES

Energy and the Cell

Introduction

Describe the basic mechanism of light production in fireflies.

- 5.1 Define and compare kinetic energy, potential energy, chemical energy, and heat.
- 5.2 Define the first and second laws of thermodynamics. Explain how the nature of energy transformations is guided by these laws of thermodynamics.
- 5.3 Define and compare endergonic and exergonic reactions. Explain how cells use these reactions to survive.
- 5.4 Explain how ATP functions as an energy shuttle.

How Enzymes Work

- 5.5 Explain how enzymes speed up chemical reactions.
- 5.6 Describe the structure of an enzyme-substrate interaction.
- 5.7 Explain how the cellular environment affects enzyme activity.
- 5.8 Explain how competitive and noncompetitive inhibitors alter an enzyme's activity.
- 5.9 Explain how certain pesticides and antibiotics work by inhibiting enzymes.

Membrane Structure and Function

- 5.10 Explain how membranes help organize the chemical activities of a cell.
- 5.11 Relate the structure of phospholipid molecules to the structure and properties of cell membranes.
- 5.12 Describe the fluid mosaic structure of cell membranes.
- 5.13 Describe the diverse functions of membrane proteins.
- 5.14-5.15 Describe the process of passive transport. Explain why osmosis is the passive transport of water.
- 5.15 Distinguish between hypertonic, hypotonic, and isotonic solutions.
- 5.16 Explain how plant and animal cells change when placed into a hypertonic or hypotonic solution.
- 5.17-5.18 Compare the processes of facilitated diffusion and active transport.
- 5.19 Distinguish between exocytosis, endocytosis, phagocytosis, pinocytosis, and receptor-mediated endocytosis.
- 5.20 Describe the cause of hypercholesterolemia.
- 5.21 Describe the central role of chloroplasts and mitochondria in harvesting energy and making it available for cellular work.

© 2003 Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as <u>Benjamin Cummings</u>